SOLUCIONARIO.DE

Solucionario Inglés 1.º Bachillerato Cambridge

10 temas, 300 ejercicios resueltos paso a paso

Curso 2026-2027

solucionario.de/solucionario-ingles-1-bachillerato-cambridge/

Ejercicios propios de solucionario.de, ordenados por los temas del curso. No son las actividades ni las soluciones del libro de Cambridge: la editorial se cita para que localices tu libro.

© solucionario.de

Índice

1. Advanced tense review and narrative tenses 3
2. Conditionals: zero to third + mixed 9
3. Reported Speech advanced 15
4. Passive Voice: advanced structures 21
5. Relative clauses and participle clauses 27
6. Modal verbs: deduction and speculation 33
7. Gerunds, infinitives and verb patterns 39
8. Inversion and Emphasis 45
9. Word formation and Collocations 51
10. Essay writing and Academic English 57

¿Quieres más solucionarios? 63

solucionario.de

1

Advanced tense review and narrative tenses

Tema 1 de 10 · Inglés 1.º Bachillerato

solucionario.de

Tema 1. Advanced tense review and narrative tenses

Ejercicios básicos

4 'She ___ (use) to live in London when she was young.'

SOLUCIÓN

1. **used** to live

Resultado: used

6 Past simple of "go":

SOLUCIÓN

1. **went**.

Resultado: went

7 Past simple of "have":

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

8 Past simple of "see":

SOLUCIÓN

1. **saw**.

Resultado: saw

9 3rd person sing of "watch":

SOLUCIÓN

1. **watches**.

Resultado: watches

10 Present continuous of "I/run":

SOLUCIÓN

1. **I am running**.

Resultado: I am running

11 **Past continuous of "she/sleep":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **she was sleeping**.

Resultado: she was sleeping

12 **Negative of "He plays football":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He doesn't play football**.

Resultado: He doesn't play football

13 **Question of "They go to school":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Do they go to school?**

Resultado: Do they go to school?

14 **Past simple of "buy":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **bought**.

Resultado: bought

15 **Past simple of "think":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **thought**.

Resultado: thought

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **'While I ___ (walk) to school, I saw an accident.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Background action → **was walking**

Resultado: was walking

2 **'She told me she ___ (never/be) to Japan before.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had never been**

Resultado: had never been

3 **'I ___ (just/finish) cooking when the guests arrived.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had just finished**

Resultado: had just finished

16 **Complete: "I ___ TV when she called" (watch).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **was watching**.

Resultado: was watching

17 **"While I ___, I heard a noise" (sleep).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **was sleeping**.

Resultado: was sleeping

18 **"He ___ to London every year" (go).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **goes**.

Resultado: goes

19 **"I ___ him last week" (meet).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **met**.

Resultado: met

20 "They ___ now" (study).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **are studying**.

Resultado: are studying

21 "She ___ her keys yesterday" (lose).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **lost**.

Resultado: lost

22 "What ___ you ___ at 8?" (do).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were you doing**.

Resultado: were doing

23 "It ___ when we left" (rain).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **was raining**.

Resultado: was raining

24 "How often ___ you ___ here?" (come).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **do you come**.

Resultado: do you come

25 Time expression with present perf: just, already, ___.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **yet, ever, never**.

Resultado: yet

26 **"I ___ to Paris last summer" (be).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **was**.

Resultado: was

27 **"They ___ together for ten years" (work).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have worked**.

Resultado: have worked

Ejercicios avanzados

5 **'By the time he arrived, everyone ___ (already/leave).'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had already left**

Resultado: had already left

28 **Used to vs would: "He ___ smoke" (passé).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **used to**.

Resultado: used to

29 **"While I ___ , she ___" (read/cook).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **was reading / was cooking**.

Resultado: was reading / was cooking

30 **"By the time he arrived, we ___ " (already eat).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had already eaten**.

Resultado: had already eaten

2

Conditionals: zero to third + mixed

solucionario.de

Tema 2 de 10 · Inglés 1.º Bachillerato

Tema 2. Conditionals: zero to third + mixed

Ejercicios básicos

3 **Zero Conditional: 'If you heat ice, it ___.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **melts**

Resultado: melts

6 **Future of "I/study" with will:**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **I will study**.

Resultado: I will study

7 **With going to: "She/travel".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **She is going to travel**.

Resultado: She is going to travel

8 **"I ___ a doctor" (will/go to plan).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **am going to be**.

Resultado: will be

9 **Question with will: "You/come".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Will you come?**

Resultado: Will you come?

10 **Question with going to: "He/help".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Is he going to help?**

Resultado: Is he going to help?

11 **Time expressions for future.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **tomorrow, next week, soon**.

Resultado: tomorrow next week soon

12 **Negative will: "They will not come" → contraction.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **won't come**.

Resultado: won't come

13 **Negative going to: contraction.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **isn't / aren't going to**.

Resultado: isn't/aren't going to

14 **Future with present cont: idea.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Planned arrangement**.

Resultado: planned arrangement

15 **Future with simple present: idea.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Timetable / schedule**.

Resultado: timetable

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **'If I ___ (know) the answer, I would tell you.' (2nd Conditional)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **knew**

Resultado: knew

5 **'Unless you hurry, we ___ (miss) the bus.' = 'If you...'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Unless = If not → **If you don't hurry, we will miss**

Resultado: don't hurry, we will miss

16 **"Hurry! The film ___ soon" (start).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **starts**.

Resultado: starts

17 **"I ___ John tomorrow" (meet, plan).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **am meeting**.

Resultado: am meeting

18 **"Look! It ___ " (rain).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **is going to rain**.

Resultado: is going to rain

19 **"OK, I ___ help you" (decide now).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will**.

Resultado: will

20 **"What time ___ the train ___?" (leave).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **does/leave**.

Resultado: does/leave

21 **"Don't worry, I ___ you" (call).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will call**.

Resultado: will call

22 **"By next year, I ___ a new car" (buy).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will have bought**.

Resultado: will have bought

23 **"This time tomorrow I ___ " (sleep).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will be sleeping**.

Resultado: will be sleeping

24 **Will or going to: "The phone is ringing. I ___ ".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will get it**.

Resultado: will get it

25 **"He ___ the car next year" (sell, plan).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **is going to sell**.

Resultado: is going to sell

26 **"I ___ home now" (go, plan).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **am going**.

Resultado: am going

27 "In 10 years robots ___ everywhere" (predict).

SOLUCIÓN

1. will be.

Resultado: will be

Ejercicios avanzados

2 'If she ___ (not/forget) her passport, she would have caught the flight.' (3rd)

SOLUCIÓN

1. hadn't forgotten

Resultado: hadn't forgotten

4 Mixed: 'If I had accepted that job, I ___ (live) in London now.'

SOLUCIÓN

1. would be living

Resultado: would be living

28 Future perf: "By 2030, we ___ Mars" (reach).

SOLUCIÓN

1. will have reached.

Resultado: will have reached

29 Future perfect cont: "By Friday, I ___ for 10 hours" (work).

SOLUCIÓN

1. will have been working.

Resultado: will have been working

30 Future cont: "At 8pm I ___ " (drive).

SOLUCIÓN

1. will be driving.

Resultado: will be driving

3

Reported Speech advanced

Tema 3 de 10 · Inglés 1.º Bachillerato

solucionario.de

Tema 3. Reported Speech advanced

Ejercicios básicos

5 **Word formation: agree → ___ (noun)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. agree + ment = **agreement**

Resultado: agreement

6 **Present perfect of "I/eat":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **I have eaten**.

Resultado: I have eaten

7 **Past perfect of "she/finish":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **she had finished**.

Resultado: she had finished

8 **Past participle of "go":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **gone**.

Resultado: gone

9 **Past participle of "see":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **seen**.

Resultado: seen

10 **Past participle of "do":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **done**.

Resultado: done

11 **Past participle of "be":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **been**.

Resultado: been

12 **Past participle of "break":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **broken**.

Resultado: broken

13 **Past participle of "write":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **written**.

Resultado: written

14 **Past participle of "speak":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **spoken**.

Resultado: spoken

15 **Past participle of "give":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **given**.

Resultado: given

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **'She denied ___ (steal) the money.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deny + gerund: **stealing**

Resultado: stealing

2 **'He promised ___ (help) me.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Promise + to-inf: **to help**

Resultado: to help

3 **'She must ___ (be) at home. The lights are on.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deduction → must **be**

Resultado: be

16 **"I ___ this film before" (see).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have seen**.

Resultado: have seen

17 **"He ___ his homework yet?" (do).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Has he done his homework yet?**

Resultado: Has...done

18 **"They ___ here for 5 years" (live).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have lived**.

Resultado: have lived

19 **"I ___ never ___ snow" (see).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have never seen**.

Resultado: have/seen

20 **"When I arrived, they ___ already ___ " (leave).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had already left**.

Resultado: had/left

21 **"By 2025 we ___ this house for 10 years" (own).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will have owned**.

Resultado: will have owned

22 **Since vs for: "___ 10 years".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **for**.

Resultado: for

23 **"___ 2010".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **since**.

Resultado: since

24 **"I ___ to Italy twice" (be).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have been**.

Resultado: have been

25 **"She has ___ in Madrid since 2020" (work).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **worked**.

Resultado: worked

26 **"He ___ Pedro for years" (know).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **has known**.

Resultado: has known

27 **Just / already / yet: place.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **just/already: middle; yet: end**.

Resultado: middle/end

Ejercicios avanzados

4 **'He can't ___ (forget) — I reminded him twice.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have forgotten** (can't have + PP)

Resultado: have forgotten

28 **Pres perf cont: "I ___ since morning" (study).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have been studying**.

Resultado: have been studying

29 **"How long ___ you ___ here?" (live).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have you lived**.

Resultado: have / lived

30 **"He ___ his keys (and now he can't enter)" (lose).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **has lost**.

Resultado: has lost

4

Passive Voice: advanced structures

solucionario.de

Tema 4 de 10 · Inglés 1.º Bachillerato

Tema 4. Passive Voice: advanced structures

Ejercicios básicos

5 **Word formation: agree → ___ (noun)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. agree + ment = **agreement**

Resultado: agreement

6 **Zero conditional: "If you ___ water, it ___ " (heat/boil).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **heat / boils**.

Resultado: heat / boils

7 **First cond: "If it ___ , I ___ home" (rain/stay).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **rains / will stay**.

Resultado: rains / will stay

8 **Second cond: "If I ___ rich, I ___ a yacht" (be/buy).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were / would buy**.

Resultado: were / would buy

9 **Third cond: "If I ___ studied, I ___ passed" (have/have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had / would have**.

Resultado: had / would have

10 **Unless = if ___ ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **not**.

Resultado: not

11 **"If only" expresa…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Wish**.

Resultado: wish

12 **"I wish I ___ " (be there now).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were**.

Resultado: were

13 **"I wish I ___ studied" (regret).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

14 **"As long as" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Provided that**.

Resultado: provided that

15 **Imperative cond: "___ careful or you'll fall."**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Be**.

Resultado: Be

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **'She denied ___ (steal) the money.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deny + gerund: **stealing**

Resultado: stealing

2 **'He promised ___ (help) me.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Promise + to-inf: **to help**

Resultado: to help

3 **'She must ___ (be) at home. The lights are on.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deduction → must **be**

Resultado: be

16 **"If she ___ harder, she ___ pass" (work/will).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **works / will pass**.

Resultado: works / will pass

17 **"If I ___ you, I would say sorry" (be).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were**.

Resultado: were

18 **"What would you do if you ___ the lottery?" (win).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **won**.

Resultado: won

19 **"If she ___ called, I ___ helped" (have/would have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had / would have**.

Resultado: had / would have

20 **"Unless you ___ , you'll fail" (study).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **study**.

Resultado: study

21 **"Provided he ___ on time, we'll start" (arrive).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **arrives**.

Resultado: arrives

22 **"As long as it ___ " (not rain).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **doesn't rain**.

Resultado: doesn't rain

23 **Mixed cond: "If I had studied, I ___ a doctor now" (be).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would be**.

Resultado: would be

24 **"If you ___ ill, I'd take you to doctor" (feel).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **felt**.

Resultado: felt

25 **"I'd help you if I ___ time" (have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

26 **"If he ___ here yesterday, we ___ him" (be/see).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had been / would have seen**.

Resultado: had been / would have seen

27 **"What would happen if everyone ___ honest?" (be).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were**.

Resultado: were

Ejercicios avanzados

4 **'He can't ___ (forget) — I reminded him twice.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have forgotten** (can't have + PP)

Resultado: have forgotten

28 **Inverted cond: "___ I you, I would go".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Were**.

Resultado: Were

29 **"___ they known, they would have left".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Had**.

Resultado: Had

30 **"Should you ___ help, call me" (need).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **need**.

Resultado: need

5

Relative clauses and participle clauses

solucionario.de

Tema 5 de 10 · Inglés 1.º Bachillerato

Tema 5. Relative clauses and participle clauses

Ejercicios básicos

5 **Word formation: agree → ___ (noun)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. agree + ment = **agreement**

Resultado: agreement

6 **Passive of "They build houses":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Houses are built**.

Resultado: Houses are built

7 **Passive of "She wrote the book":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The book was written**.

Resultado: The book was written

8 **Passive of "He will fix the car":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The car will be fixed**.

Resultado: The car will be fixed

9 **Passive of "They have eaten the cake":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The cake has been eaten**.

Resultado: The cake has been eaten

10 **Passive of "They are painting the wall":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The wall is being painted**.

Resultado: The wall is being painted

11 Active to passive: subject and object swap. T/F.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **TRUE**.

Resultado: true

12 Agent in passive: introduced by ?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **by**.

Resultado: by

13 Passive: focus on ___ rather than who does it.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Action / object**.

Resultado: action

14 "The window was broken by Tom". Agent.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Tom**.

Resultado: Tom

15 Need + -ing or to be + pp?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to be + pp**.

Resultado: need to be done

Ejercicios intermedios

1 'She denied ___ (steal) the money.' (gerund/infinitive)

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deny + gerund: **stealing**

Resultado: stealing

2 **'He promised ___ (help) me.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Promise + to-inf: **to help**

Resultado: to help

3 **'She must ___ (be) at home. The lights are on.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deduction → must **be**

Resultado: be

16 **"They speak English here" → passive.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **English is spoken here**.

Resultado: English is spoken here

17 **"Someone stole my bag" → passive.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **My bag was stolen**.

Resultado: My bag was stolen

18 **"They are repairing the road" → passive.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The road is being repaired**.

Resultado: The road is being repaired

19 **"They will deliver it tomorrow" → passive.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **It will be delivered tomorrow**.

Resultado: It will be delivered tomorrow

20 **"They have built it" → passive.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **It has been built**.

Resultado: It has been built

21 **"They had finished it" → passive.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **It had been finished**.

Resultado: It had been finished

22 **"Don't park here" → passive.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Parking is not allowed here**.

Resultado: No parking

23 **Passive of "They sent her a letter" (focus letter).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **A letter was sent to her**.

Resultado: A letter was sent to her

24 **Causative: "I had my hair ___ " (cut).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **cut**.

Resultado: cut

25 **Causative: "I had the car ___ " (repair).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **repaired**.

Resultado: repaired

26 **Modal pass: "It ___ done by tomorrow" (must).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **must be**.

Resultado: must be

27 **"It can ___ here" (see).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **be seen**.

Resultado: be seen

Ejercicios avanzados

4 **'He can't ___ (forget) — I reminded him twice.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have forgotten** (can't have + PP)

Resultado: have forgotten

28 **"They say he is rich" → "He ___ "**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **is said to be rich**.

Resultado: is said to be rich

29 **"It is believed that she lives there" → "She ___ "**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **is believed to live there**.

Resultado: is believed to live there

30 **"They expect him to win" → "He ___ "**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **is expected to win**.

Resultado: is expected to win

6

Modal verbs: deduction and speculation

solucionario.de

Tema 6 de 10 · Inglés 1.º Bachillerato

Tema 6. Modal verbs: deduction and speculation

Ejercicios básicos

5 **Word formation: agree → ___ (noun)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. agree + ment = **agreement**

Resultado: agreement

6 **Direct: "I am tired" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he was tired**.

Resultado: He said (that) he was tired

7 **Direct: "She likes pizza" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **She said she liked pizza**.

Resultado: He said she liked pizza

8 **Direct: "I have finished" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he had finished**.

Resultado: He said he had finished

9 **Direct: "I will come" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he would come**.

Resultado: He said he would come

10 **"Now" in reported speech becomes…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **then**.

Resultado: then

11 **"Today" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **that day**.

Resultado: that day

12 **"Yesterday" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **the day before / the previous day**.

Resultado: the day before

13 **"Tomorrow" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **the next day**.

Resultado: the next day

14 **"Here" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **there**.

Resultado: there

15 **"This" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **that**.

Resultado: that

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **'She denied ___ (steal) the money.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deny + gerund: **stealing**

Resultado: stealing

2 **'He promised ___ (help) me.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Promise + to-inf: **to help**

Resultado: to help

3 **'She must ___ (be) at home. The lights are on.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deduction → must **be**

Resultado: be

16 **Direct: "Are you OK?" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He asked if I was OK**.

Resultado: He asked if I was OK

17 **Direct: "Where do you live?" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He asked where I lived**.

Resultado: He asked where I lived

18 **Direct: "Don't go!" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He told me not to go**.

Resultado: He told me not to go

19 **Direct: "Open the door" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He asked me to open the door**.

Resultado: He asked me to open the door

20 **Direct: "I will help you" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he would help me**.

Resultado: He said he would help me

21 **Direct: "I can swim" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he could swim**.

Resultado: He said he could swim

22 **Direct: "I must go" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he had to go**.

Resultado: He said he had to go

23 **Direct: "I may travel" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he might travel**.

Resultado: He said he might travel

24 **"Said" vs "told": "told" needs ___**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Direct object**.

Resultado: object

25 **"I'm sorry, I broke it" → "He apologized for ___ it"**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **breaking**.

Resultado: breaking

26 "Yes, I did it" → "He admitted ___ it"

SOLUCIÓN

1. **doing**.

Resultado: doing

27 "Don't do that" → "He warned me ___"

SOLUCIÓN

1. **not to do that**.

Resultado: not to do that

Ejercicios avanzados

4 'He can't ___ (forget) — I reminded him twice.'

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have forgotten** (can't have + PP)

Resultado: have forgotten

28 "I'm so glad to see you!" → reported (no backshift if always true).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **She said she was glad to see me**.

Resultado: She said she was glad to see me

29 "What time is it?" → reported.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He asked what time it was**.

Resultado: He asked what time it was

30 Reporting verbs: "He suggested ___" (go shopping).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **going shopping**.

Resultado: going shopping

7

Gerunds, infinitives and verb patterns

solucionario.de

Tema 7 de 10 · Inglés 1.º Bachillerato

Tema 7. Gerunds, infinitives and verb patterns

Ejercicios básicos

5 Word formation: agree → ___ (noun)

SOLUCIÓN

1. agree + ment = **agreement**

Resultado: agreement

6 Must / mustn't: function.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Obligation / prohibition**.

Resultado: obligacion / prohibicion

7 Should: function.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Advice**.

Resultado: advice

8 Can: function.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Ability/permission**.

Resultado: ability/permission

9 May / might: function.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Possibility**.

Resultado: possibility

10 Have to: function.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **External obligation**.

Resultado: obligation external

11 Don't have to: function.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Not necessary**.

Resultado: not necessary

12 Could: past of can.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **SÍ**.

Resultado: si

13 Will: function.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Future, promise**.

Resultado: future / promise

14 Would: function.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Conditional, past habit**.

Resultado: conditional / past habit

15 Shall: function.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Suggestion, formal future**.

Resultado: suggestion / future formal

Ejercicios intermedios

1 'She denied ___ (steal) the money.' (gerund/infinitive)

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deny + gerund: **stealing**

Resultado: stealing

2 **'He promised ___ (help) me.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Promise + to-inf: **to help**

Resultado: to help

3 **'She must ___ (be) at home. The lights are on.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deduction → must **be**

Resultado: be

16 **"You ___ smoke here" (prohibition).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **mustn't**.

Resultado: mustn't

17 **"You ___ work tomorrow, it's holiday" (no oblig).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **don't have to**.

Resultado: don't have to

18 **Deduction: "He ___ be home; lights are on" (sure).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **must**.

Resultado: must

19 **"He ___ be at home; he never is at this hour" (sure not).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **can't**.

Resultado: can't

20 **"It ___ rain; clouds are dark" (possible).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **might/may/could**.

Resultado: might / may / could

21 **Past deduction: "She ___ been there" (sure pos).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **must have**.

Resultado: must have

22 **"He ___ been ill" (poss past).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **may/might/could have**.

Resultado: may have / might have / could have

23 **"It ___ have been him; he was abroad" (impos).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **can't have**.

Resultado: can't have

24 **"You ___ have told me" (criticism).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **should have**.

Resultado: should have

25 **"She didn't need to come" vs "needn't have come". Diff.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **"didn't need to": didn't do it; "needn't have": did but wasn't necessary**.

Resultado: one she did, the other she didn't

26 **"Could" past possibility: ej.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **You could have called me**.

Resultado: you could have called

27 **Will / shall: Brit usage.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Shall is more common with I/we**.

Resultado: shall first person

Ejercicios avanzados

4 **'He can't ___ (forget) — I reminded him twice.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have forgotten** (can't have + PP)

Resultado: have forgotten

28 **"He ___ be tired; he worked all day" (deduce sure).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **must**.

Resultado: must

29 **"She ___ be his sister; they look alike" (might).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **might**.

Resultado: might

30 **Modal + perfect: order.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Modal + have + past participle**.

Resultado: modal + have + pp

8

Inversion and Emphasis

Tema 8 de 10 · Inglés 1.º Bachillerato

solucionario.de

Tema 8. Inversion and Emphasis

Ejercicios básicos

5 **Word formation: agree → ___ (noun)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. agree + ment = **agreement**

Resultado: agreement

6 **Relative pronoun for people.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **who**.

Resultado: who

7 **Relative pronoun for things.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **which**.

Resultado: which

8 **Relative pronoun for places.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **where**.

Resultado: where

9 **Relative pronoun for time.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **when**.

Resultado: when

10 **Relative pronoun for possession.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **whose**.

Resultado: whose

11 **"That" can replace ___**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **who or which**.

Resultado: who and which

12 **Defining relative clauses: ¿commas?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **No commas**.

Resultado: no

13 **Non-defining relative: ¿commas?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Yes**.

Resultado: yes

14 **"The man ___ I met". Pronoun.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **whom / who / that**.

Resultado: whom

15 **"The book ___ I bought".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **that / which**.

Resultado: that

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **'She denied ___ (steal) the money.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deny + gerund: **stealing**

Resultado: stealing

2 **'He promised ___ (help) me.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Promise + to-inf: **to help**

Resultado: to help

3 **'She must ___ (be) at home. The lights are on.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deduction → must **be**

Resultado: be

16 **Combine: "The girl is here. She helped me."**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The girl who helped me is here**.

Resultado: The girl who helped me is here

17 **Combine: "This is the house. We bought it."**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **This is the house (that) we bought**.

Resultado: This is the house (that) we bought

18 **Combine: "London is a city. I love it."**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **London is a city which I love**.

Resultado: London, which I love, is a city

19 **Whose: "The boy ___ bag was stolen".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **whose**.

Resultado: whose

20 **Reduced relative: "The book lying there" = "The book ___ lying there".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **that is / which is**.

Resultado: that is

21 **Cleft sentence: "It was John who broke it". Énfasis en…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **John (subject)**.

Resultado: John

22 **"What I want is peace". Cleft type.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **What-cleft**.

Resultado: what cleft

23 **"It is in Madrid where I live". Cleft.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Cleft (place)**.

Resultado: si

24 **"All I want is ___ " (rest).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to rest / some rest**.

Resultado: to rest

25 **Defining relative omitting pronoun: when?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **When it's object of clause**.

Resultado: when it's object

26 **"The reason ___ I came" (because).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **why**.

Resultado: why

27 **"That's the day ___ we met".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **when**.

Resultado: when

Ejercicios avanzados

4 **'He can't ___ (forget) — I reminded him twice.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have forgotten** (can't have + PP)

Resultado: have forgotten

28 **Combine: "I have a friend. His brother is famous."**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **I have a friend whose brother is famous**.

Resultado: I have a friend whose brother is famous

29 **"It was on Monday that we met". Cleft.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Cleft (time)**.

Resultado: si

30 **"The reason for which she left" → simplify.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The reason (why) she left**.

Resultado: the reason she left

9

Word formation and Collocations

Tema 9 de 10 · Inglés 1.º Bachillerato

solucionario.de

Tema 9. Word formation and Collocations

Ejercicios básicos

5 **Word formation: agree → ___ (noun)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. agree + ment = **agreement**

Resultado: agreement

6 **Addition linker.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **And, also, moreover, furthermore**.

Resultado: and

7 **Contrast linker.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **But, however, although, nevertheless**.

Resultado: but

8 **Cause linker.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Because, since, as**.

Resultado: because

9 **Result linker.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **So, therefore, thus, consequently**.

Resultado: so

10 **Sequence: First, ___, finally.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Then, next, after that**.

Resultado: then

11 Example linker.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **For example, for instance**.

Resultado: for example

12 Conclusion linker.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **In conclusion, to sum up**.

Resultado: in conclusion

13 Time linker.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **When, while, before, until**.

Resultado: when

14 Purpose linker.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **To, in order to, so that**.

Resultado: to

15 Condition linker.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **If, unless**.

Resultado: if

Ejercicios intermedios

1 'She denied ___ (steal) the money.' (gerund/infinitive)

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deny + gerund: **stealing**

Resultado: stealing

2 **'He promised ___ (help) me.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Promise + to-inf: **to help**

Resultado: to help

3 **'She must ___ (be) at home. The lights are on.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deduction → must **be**

Resultado: be

16 **"___ the rain, the match continued". Contrast.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Despite/In spite of**.

Resultado: Despite

17 **"___ it was raining, we went out". Contrast.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Although**.

Resultado: Although

18 **"He failed ___ not studying". Cause.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **because of**.

Resultado: because of

19 **"He failed ___ he didn't study". Cause.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **because**.

Resultado: because

20 **"___ improve, he practised every day". Purpose.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **To**.

Resultado: To

21 **"I bought it ___ I needed it". Cause.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **because**.

Resultado: because

22 **"I was tired ___ I went to bed". Result.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **so**.

Resultado: so

23 **"It rained ___ we still went". Contrast.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **but**.

Resultado: but

24 **Furthermore vs moreover: same?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Yes**.

Resultado: yes

25 **"On the contrary" vs "on the other hand": same?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Similar but nuanced**.

Resultado: similar

26 **"Whereas" introduces…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Contrast/comparison**.

Resultado: contrast

27 **Use of "as well".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Also/too**.

Resultado: also

Ejercicios avanzados

4 **'He can't ___ (forget) — I reminded him twice.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have forgotten** (can't have + PP)

Resultado: have forgotten

28 **Inversion with "hardly": "Hardly had I sat down ___ "**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **when…**

Resultado: when the phone rang

29 **"Not only ___ but also" structure.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Inversion in first part**.

Resultado: inversion

30 **Cohesive devices: 3 types.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Reference, conjunction, ellipsis, lexical**.

Resultado: reference, conjunction, ellipsis

10

Essay writing and Academic English

solucionario.de

Tema 10 de 10 · Inglés 1.º Bachillerato

Tema 10. Essay writing and Academic English

Ejercicios básicos

5 Word formation: agree → ___ (noun)

SOLUCIÓN

1. agree + ment = **agreement**

Resultado: agreement

6 Essay structure.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Intro + body + conclusion**.

Resultado: intro body conclusion

7 Formal letter beginning.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Dear Sir/Madam**.

Resultado: Dear Sir/Madam

8 Formal letter ending.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Yours faithfully / sincerely**.

Resultado: Yours faithfully

9 Informal letter beginning.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Dear (name)**.

Resultado: Dear John

10 Informal letter ending.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Best wishes / Cheers**.

Resultado: Best wishes

11 Report register.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Formal/impersonal**.

Resultado: formal

12 Essay paragraph: 1 idea per ___

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Paragraph**.

Resultado: paragraph

13 Topic sentence: ¿qué es?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Main idea of paragraph**.

Resultado: main idea

14 Use of contractions in formal: ¿OK?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Avoid contractions**.

Resultado: no

15 "On the other hand" se usa en…

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Contrast / opposing views**.

Resultado: contrast

Ejercicios intermedios

1 'She denied ___ (steal) the money.' (gerund/infinitive)

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deny + gerund: **stealing**

Resultado: stealing

2 **'He promised ___ (help) me.' (gerund/infinitive)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Promise + to-inf: **to help**

Resultado: to help

3 **'She must ___ (be) at home. The lights are on.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Deduction → must **be**

Resultado: be

16 **Tipo de essay: "for and against". Estructura.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Intro, pros, cons, conclusion**.

Resultado: intro, pros, cons, conclusion

17 **Opinion essay: estructura.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Intro+thesis, supporting args, conclusion**.

Resultado: intro thesis, body args, conclusion

18 **Connector for opinion essay: "In my opinion" or…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **I believe** / **To my mind**.

Resultado: I believe

19 **Adding examples: linker.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **For instance** / **for example**.

Resultado: for instance

20 **Avoid in essay: "a lot of" → use…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Numerous, a great deal of**.

Resultado: many

21 **Article writing: title style.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Catchy / attention-grabbing**.

Resultado: catchy

22 **Email cierre semi-formal.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Kind regards**.

Resultado: Kind regards

23 **Cover letter purpose.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Apply for job**.

Resultado: apply for job

24 **Avoid in formal writing: phrasal verbs (e.g., put off → ___).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Postpone**.

Resultado: postpone

25 **Connector for conclusion.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **To sum up**.

Resultado: To sum up

26 **Avoid "big" → use…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Large/substantial**.

Resultado: large

27 **Avoid "get" → use…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Obtain/receive**.

Resultado: obtain

Ejercicios avanzados

4 **'He can't ___ (forget) — I reminded him twice.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have forgotten** (can't have + PP)

Resultado: have forgotten

28 **Linker for additional info.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Furthermore / Moreover**.

Resultado: Furthermore

29 **Tipo de párrafo: "hook + thesis".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Introduction**.

Resultado: introduction

30 **¿Qué es un buen "hook"?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Quote, question, surprising fact**.

Resultado: quote, question, fact

¿Quieres más solucionarios?

Practica en la web los ejercicios de cada tema, con pista y corrección al momento:

solucionario.de/solucionario-ingles-1-bachillerato-cambridge/

Solucionario Inglés 1.º Bachillerato Cambridge
© solucionario.de