SOLUCIONARIO.DE

Solucionario Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato Richmond

10 temas, 300 ejercicios resueltos paso a paso

Curso 2026-2027

solucionario.de/solucionario-ingles-2-bachillerato-richmond/

Ejercicios propios de solucionario.de, ordenados por los temas del curso. No son las actividades ni las soluciones del libro de Richmond: la editorial se cita para que localices tu libro.
© solucionario.de

Índice

1. Advanced grammar: cleft sentences and inversion 3
2. Conditionals: advanced and formal 10
3. Subjunctive and Formal English 16
4. Complex passive and Causative advanced 22
5. Noun clauses and Nominal structures 28
6. Advanced connectors and Coherence 34
7. Phrasal verbs: PAU level 40
8. Word formation: PAU practice 46
9. Reading Comprehension: PAU format 52
10. Writing: PAU essay and composition 58

¿Quieres más solucionarios? 64

solucionario.de

1

Advanced grammar: cleft sentences and inversion

solucionario.de

Tema 1 de 10 · Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato

Tema 1. Advanced grammar: cleft sentences and inversion

Ejercicios básicos

6 **Past simple of "go":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **went**.

Resultado: went

7 **Past simple of "see":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **saw**.

Resultado: saw

8 **Past participle of "write":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **written**.

Resultado: written

9 **Past participle of "speak":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **spoken**.

Resultado: spoken

10 **Past participle of "give":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **given**.

Resultado: given

11 **Present continuous of "I/run":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **I am running**.

Resultado: I am running

12 **Past simple of "buy":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **bought**.

Resultado: bought

13 **Past simple of "think":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **thought**.

Resultado: thought

14 **Past participle of "break":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **broken**.

Resultado: broken

15 **3rd person sing of "watch":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **watches**.

Resultado: watches

Ejercicios intermedios

4 **Emphasis: 'What I like ___ coffee.' (is/am)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. What I like **is** coffee

Resultado: is

16 "I ___ TV when she called" (watch).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **was watching**.

Resultado: was watching

17 "I ___ him last week" (meet).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **met**.

Resultado: met

18 "They ___ together for ten years" (work).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have worked**.

Resultado: have worked

19 "By the time he arrived, we ___" (already eat).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had already eaten**.

Resultado: had already eaten

20 "I ___ him for years" (know).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have known**.

Resultado: have known

21 "She ___ since morning" (study).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **has been studying**.

Resultado: has been studying

22 **"How long ___ you ___ here?" (live).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have you lived**.

Resultado: have/lived

23 **"He ___ his keys" (and now can't enter, lose).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **has lost**.

Resultado: has lost

24 **"This time tomorrow I ___" (sleep).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will be sleeping**.

Resultado: will be sleeping

25 **"By 2030, we ___ Mars" (reach).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will have reached**.

Resultado: will have reached

26 **Used to: "He ___ smoke" (in past).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **used to**.

Resultado: used to

27 **"While I ___, she ___" (read/cook).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **was reading / was cooking**.

Resultado: was reading / was cooking

Ejercicios avanzados

1 **Rewrite with cleft sentence: 'John broke the window.' → 'It was...'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **It was John who broke the window**

Resultado: It was John who broke the window

2 **'Never ___ I seen such a beautiful sunset.' (have/had)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Inversion: **Never have I seen**

Resultado: have

3 **'Not only ___ she clever, but also hardworking.' (is/was)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Not only is she clever**

Resultado: is

5 **'Little ___ he know about the surprise.' (did/does)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Little did he know**

Resultado: did

28 **Stative verbs in continuous?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Generally not** (know, like).

Resultado: no

29 **"By Friday I ___ for 10 hours" (work).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will have been working**.

Resultado: will have been working

30 **"It ___ all morning" (rain, still going).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **has been raining**.

Resultado: has been raining

solucionario.de

2

Conditionals: advanced and formal

solucionario.de

Tema 2 de 10 · Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato

Tema 2. Conditionals: advanced and formal

Ejercicios básicos

6 **Type 0: "If you heat water, it ___" (boil).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **boils**.

Resultado: boils

7 **Type 1: "If it rains, I ___ stay" (will).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will stay**.

Resultado: will stay

8 **Type 2: "If I ___ rich" (be).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were/was**.

Resultado: were

9 **Type 3: "If I ___ studied" (have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

10 **Type 2: "I would buy a car if I ___ money" (have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

11 **Type 1 result: "will + ___".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Infinitive**.

Resultado: infinitive

12 **Type 2 result: "would + ___".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Infinitive**.

Resultado: infinitive

13 **Type 3 result: "would have + ___".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Past participle**.

Resultado: past participle

14 **Substitute for "if": "___ you knew".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Supposing/Imagine**.

Resultado: supposing

15 **Negative cond: "___" = if not.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **unless**.

Resultado: unless

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **Word formation: depend → ___ (adjective, negative)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. in + depend + ent = **independent**

Resultado: independent

2 **'She insisted ___ paying for dinner.' (on/in)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Insist **on**

Resultado: on

16 **"If I ___ enough money, I ___ travel" (have/will).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had / would**.

Resultado: had/would

17 **"If you had told me, I ___ helped" (have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have**.

Resultado: would have

18 **"Unless you study, you ___ pass" (will).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **won't**.

Resultado: won't

19 **Mixed: "If I ___ studied harder, I ___ a better job now" (had/have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had / would have**.

Resultado: had / would have

20 **"Were I you, I ___ accept" (will).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would**.

Resultado: would

21 **"Had I known, I ___ come" (have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have**.

Resultado: would have

22 **"Should you need help, ___" (call).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **call me**.

Resultado: call me

23 **"I wish I ___ rich" (be).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were**.

Resultado: were

24 **"If only I ___ studied" (have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

25 **Cond as long as: "___ you study, you'll pass".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **As long as**.

Resultado: as long as

26 **"Even if it rains, we ___ go" (will).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will**.

Resultado: will

27 **"What ___ you do if you saw a ghost?" (will).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would**.

Resultado: would

Ejercicios avanzados

3 **'Had I known, I ___ (come) earlier.' (formal conditional)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have come**

Resultado: would have come

4 **Transform: 'People say he is rich.' → 'He is said ___ rich.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to be** rich

Resultado: to be

5 **'I wish I ___ (not/say) that yesterday.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Wish + PP: **hadn't said**

Resultado: hadn't said

28 **Inversion T2 with be: "___ I rich".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Were**.

Resultado: Were

29 **Inversion T3 negative: "___ they not arrived".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Had**.

Resultado: Had

30 **Mixed cond opposite: "If she weren't lazy, she ___ passed" (have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have**.

Resultado: would have

3

Subjunctive and Formal English

Tema 3 de 10 · Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato

solucionario.de

Tema 3. Subjunctive and Formal English

Ejercicios básicos

6 Passive of "They build houses":

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Houses are built**.

Resultado: Houses are built

7 Passive of "She wrote the letter":

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The letter was written**.

Resultado: The letter was written

8 Passive of "They have finished it":

SOLUCIÓN

1. **It has been finished**.

Resultado: It has been finished

9 Passive of "Will you do it?":

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Will it be done?**

Resultado: Will it be done?

10 By: introduces…

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Agent**.

Resultado: agent

11 Pres simple passive: form.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **is/are + pp**.

Resultado: is/are + pp

12 Past simple passive: form.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **was/were + pp**.

Resultado: was/were + pp

13 Pres perf passive: form.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have/has been + pp**.

Resultado: have/has been + pp

14 Future passive: form.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will be + pp**.

Resultado: will be + pp

15 Modal passive: form.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **modal + be + pp**.

Resultado: modal + be + pp

Ejercicios intermedios

1 Word formation: depend → ___ (adjective, negative)

SOLUCIÓN

1. in + depend + ent = **independent**

Resultado: independent

2 'She insisted ___ paying for dinner.' (on/in)

SOLUCIÓN

1. Insist **on**

Resultado: on

16 **Passive of "They are repairing the road":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The road is being repaired**.

Resultado: The road is being repaired

17 **Passive of "They had finished":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **It had been finished**.

Resultado: It had been finished

18 **Passive of "He must do it":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **It must be done**.

Resultado: It must be done

19 **"They say he is rich" → impersonal pass.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He is said to be rich**.

Resultado: He is said to be rich

20 **"People believe she is innocent" → pass.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **She is believed to be innocent**.

Resultado: She is believed to be innocent

21 **Have something done: "I ___ my hair cut" (have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

22 **Get something done: "She ___ her car repaired" (get).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **got**.

Resultado: got

23 **"Let it be done" tense?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Imperative passive**.

Resultado: imperative passive

24 **"Are you being served?" tense.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Present cont passive**.

Resultado: present continuous passive

25 **Passive: "They sell flowers here".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Flowers are sold here**.

Resultado: Flowers are sold here

26 **Passive: "Did they invite you?":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Were you invited?**

Resultado: Were you invited?

27 **Pass with two objects: "They gave me a book" (book).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **A book was given to me**.

Resultado: A book was given to me

Ejercicios avanzados

3 **'Had I known, I ___ (come) earlier.' (formal conditional)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have come**

Resultado: would have come

4 **Transform: 'People say he is rich.' → 'He is said ___ rich.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to be** rich

Resultado: to be

5 **'I wish I ___ (not/say) that yesterday.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Wish + PP: **hadn't said**

Resultado: hadn't said

28 **Pass with two objects: "They gave me a book" (me).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **I was given a book**.

Resultado: I was given a book

29 **"He is reported to have left" sentido.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Se dice que se ha ido**.

Resultado: past pasivo impersonal

30 **Future cont passive: "This time tomorrow it ___ " (do).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **will be being done**.

Resultado: will be being done

4

Complex passive and Causative advanced

solucionario.de

Tema 4 de 10 · Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato

Tema 4. Complex passive and Causative advanced

Ejercicios básicos

6 **Reported "I am tired":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he was tired**.

Resultado: He said he was tired

7 **Reported "I will go":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he would go**.

Resultado: He said he would go

8 **Reported "I have eaten":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he had eaten**.

Resultado: He said he had eaten

9 **Reported "I work here":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he worked there**.

Resultado: He said he worked there

10 **"Today" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **That day**.

Resultado: that day

11 **"Tomorrow" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The next/following day**.

Resultado: the next day

12 **"Yesterday" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The day before**.

Resultado: the day before

13 **"This" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **that**.

Resultado: that

14 **"Here" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **there**.

Resultado: there

15 **"Now" → reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **then**.

Resultado: then

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **Word formation: depend → ___ (adjective, negative)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. in + depend + ent = **independent**

Resultado: independent

2 **'She insisted ___ paying for dinner.' (on/in)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Insist **on**

Resultado: on

16 **Reported question: "Where is the bank?":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He asked where the bank was**.

Resultado: He asked where the bank was

17 **Reported yes/no: "Are you coming?":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He asked if I was coming**.

Resultado: He asked if I was coming

18 **Reported imperative: "Open the door!":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He told me to open the door**.

Resultado: He told me to open the door

19 **Reported neg imperative: "Don't go!":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He told me not to go**.

Resultado: He told me not to go

20 **Reported "I can swim":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he could swim**.

Resultado: He said he could swim

21 **Reported "I must work":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he had to work**.

Resultado: He said he had to work

22 **Reported "I may come":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he might come**.

Resultado: He said he might come

23 **Reported request: "Can you help?":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He asked me to help**.

Resultado: He asked me to help

24 **Reported "Don't worry":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He told me not to worry**.

Resultado: He told me not to worry

25 **Reported "Would you mind opening?":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He asked me to open**.

Resultado: He asked me to open

26 **Say vs tell: "He ___ me a story".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **told**.

Resultado: told

27 **"He ___ that he was happy".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **said**.

Resultado: said

Ejercicios avanzados

3 **'Had I known, I ___ (come) earlier.' (formal conditional)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have come**

Resultado: would have come

4 **Transform: 'People say he is rich.' → 'He is said ___ rich.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to be** rich

Resultado: to be

5 **'I wish I ___ (not/say) that yesterday.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Wish + PP: **hadn't said**

Resultado: hadn't said

28 **"I'll see you next week" (Mon → Wed).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He said he would see me the following week**.

Resultado: He said he would see me the following week

29 **Reported wh-question: "What time is it?":**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **He asked what time it was**.

Resultado: He asked what time it was

30 **"I haven't seen him" reported.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **She said she hadn't seen him**.

Resultado: She said she hadn't seen him

5

Noun clauses and Nominal structures

solucionario.de

Tema 5 de 10 · Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato

Tema 5. Noun clauses and Nominal structures

Ejercicios básicos

6 **Must (deduction): "He ___ tired" (be sure).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **must be**.

Resultado: must be

7 **Can't (deduction): "That ___ true" (impossible).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **can't be**.

Resultado: can't be

8 **May/might: "It ___ rain" (possibly).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **may/might rain**.

Resultado: may rain

9 **Should (advice): "You ___ study".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **should study**.

Resultado: should study

10 **Have to (obligation external).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Sí**.

Resultado: si

11 **Must (obligation internal).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Sí**.

Resultado: si

12 Can (ability).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Sí**.

Resultado: si

13 Could (past ability).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Sí**.

Resultado: si

14 Will (decision/promise).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Sí**.

Resultado: si

15 Would (polite).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Sí**.

Resultado: si

Ejercicios intermedios

1 Word formation: depend → ___ (adjective, negative)

SOLUCIÓN

1. in + depend + ent = **independent**

Resultado: independent

2 'She insisted ___ paying for dinner.' (on/in)

SOLUCIÓN

1. Insist **on**

Resultado: on

16 **Past deduction: "He ___ tired yesterday" (must, sure).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **must have been**.

Resultado: must have been

17 **Past impossibility: "It ___ him" (can't).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **can't have been**.

Resultado: can't have been

18 **Past possibility: "She ___ left" (may).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **may/might have left**.

Resultado: may have left

19 **Past advice (regret): "You ___ told me" (should).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **should have told**.

Resultado: should have told

20 **"It ___ rain. The sky is grey" (look like, predict).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **might/may rain**.

Resultado: might rain

21 **"You ___ tired after the race" (must).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **must be**.

Resultado: must be

22 **"He ___ rich. He drives a Ferrari" (must).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **must be**.

Resultado: must be

23 **"She ___ home. The lights are off" (can't).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **can't be**.

Resultado: can't be

24 **"They ___ already eaten" (have, deduc).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **must have**.

Resultado: must have

25 **Sustituye "can" en past = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **could / was able to**.

Resultado: could

26 **Past "have to" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had to**.

Resultado: had to

27 **"You needn't ___" (do).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **do / have done**.

Resultado: do

Ejercicios avanzados

3 **'Had I known, I ___ (come) earlier.' (formal conditional)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have come**

Resultado: would have come

4 **Transform: 'People say he is rich.' → 'He is said ___ rich.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to be** rich

Resultado: to be

5 **'I wish I ___ (not/say) that yesterday.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Wish + PP: **hadn't said**

Resultado: hadn't said

28 **"I ___ done that" (regret).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **shouldn't have**.

Resultado: shouldn't have

29 **"He ___ left already" (probably).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **might/may have**.

Resultado: might have

30 **Difference must vs have to in past?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Had to (no past for must)**.

Resultado: both: had to

6

Advanced connectors and Coherence

solucionario.de

Tema 6 de 10 · Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato

Tema 6. Advanced connectors and Coherence

Ejercicios básicos

6 Relative pronoun for people.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **who/that**.

Resultado: who

7 Relative pronoun for things.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **which/that**.

Resultado: which

8 Possessive relative.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **whose**.

Resultado: whose

9 Place relative.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **where**.

Resultado: where

10 Time relative.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **when**.

Resultado: when

11 Reason relative.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **why**.

Resultado: why

12 **Defining vs non-defining: comma in…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Non-defining**.

Resultado: non-defining

13 **"The book ___ I read" (which).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **which/that**.

Resultado: which

14 **"The man ___ called" (who).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **who**.

Resultado: who

15 **"The house ___ I live" (where).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **where**.

Resultado: where

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **Word formation: depend → ___ (adjective, negative)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. in + depend + ent = **independent**

Resultado: independent

2 **'She insisted ___ paying for dinner.' (on/in)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Insist **on**

Resultado: on

16 **"The girl, ___ name is Anna, is my friend".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **whose**.

Resultado: whose

17 **Cleft: "It was John ___ called".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **who**.

Resultado: who

18 **Cleft: "It is here ___ I live".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **that/where**.

Resultado: that

19 **"What I want is peace" - cleft type.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Pseudo-cleft**.

Resultado: wh-cleft

20 **Reduced relative active: "The man ___ next to me" (sit).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **sitting**.

Resultado: sitting

21 **Reduced rel passive: "The book ___ by him" (write).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **written**.

Resultado: written

22 **Defining clause omitir pronombre cuándo.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Cuando es objeto**.

Resultado: cuando es objeto

23 **Non-def: ¿se puede omitir el pronombre?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **No**.

Resultado: no

24 **"The town ___ I was born" (where).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **where / in which**.

Resultado: where

25 **"The reason ___ I came" (why).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **why/that**.

Resultado: why

26 **"The day ___ we met" (when).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **when/that**.

Resultado: when

27 **Cleft inverted: "Never have I seen ___ ".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **such**.

Resultado: such

Ejercicios avanzados

3 **'Had I known, I ___ (come) earlier.' (formal conditional)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have come**

Resultado: would have come

4 **Transform: 'People say he is rich.' → 'He is said ___ rich.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to be** rich

Resultado: to be

5 **'I wish I ___ (not/say) that yesterday.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Wish + PP: **hadn't said**

Resultado: hadn't said

28 **Cleft to emphasize obj: "It was ___ that I bought" (the car).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **the car**.

Resultado: the car

29 **Reducir: "The girl who is dancing" → ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The girl dancing**.

Resultado: The girl dancing

30 **Reducir: "The cake which was made by her" → ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **The cake made by her**.

Resultado: The cake made by her

7

Phrasal verbs: PAU level

Tema 7 de 10 · Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato

solucionario.de

Tema 7. Phrasal verbs: PAU level

Ejercicios básicos

6 "I wish I ___ rich" (be).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were**.

Resultado: were

7 "I wish I ___ Spanish" (speak).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **spoke**.

Resultado: spoke

8 "I wish you ___ here" (be).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were**.

Resultado: were

9 "I wish I ___ studied" (have).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

10 "If only I ___ taller" (be).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were**.

Resultado: were

11 "If only I ___ told her" (have).

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

12 **"I'd rather you ___ stay" (will).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **stayed**.

Resultado: stayed

13 **"It's time you ___ " (go).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **went**.

Resultado: went

14 **"I wish he ___ talk so much" (would not).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **wouldn't**.

Resultado: wouldn't

15 **"I wish you ___ smoke" (would not).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **wouldn't**.

Resultado: wouldn't

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **Word formation: depend → ___ (adjective, negative)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. in + depend + ent = **independent**

Resultado: independent

2 **'She insisted ___ paying for dinner.' (on/in)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Insist **on**

Resultado: on

16 **Wish for present situation: tense.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Past simple**.

Resultado: past simple

17 **Wish for past regret: tense.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Past perfect**.

Resultado: past perfect

18 **Wish + would: para…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Annoying habits**.

Resultado: habits/annoying behavior

19 **"I wish I ___ told her" (have, regret).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

20 **"If only I ___ younger" (be).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were**.

Resultado: were

21 **"It's high time we ___ " (leave).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **left**.

Resultado: left

22 **"I'd rather not ___ now" (go).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **go**.

Resultado: go

23 **"I'd rather you ___ here" (come).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **came**.

Resultado: came

24 **Wish vs hope: future certain → use…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **hope**.

Resultado: hope

25 **Wish vs hope: "I ___ you pass" (real).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **hope**.

Resultado: hope

26 **"He'd rather have stayed home" - meaning.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Pref past**.

Resultado: preferred to stay (past)

27 **Inversion: "___ I were rich".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Were**.

Resultado: Were

Ejercicios avanzados

3 **'Had I known, I ___ (come) earlier.' (formal conditional)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have come**

Resultado: would have come

4 **Transform: 'People say he is rich.' → 'He is said ___ rich.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to be** rich

Resultado: to be

5 **'I wish I ___ (not/say) that yesterday.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Wish + PP: **hadn't said**

Resultado: hadn't said

28 **"Suppose she ___ angry" (be).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **were**.

Resultado: were

29 **"Imagine you ___ a million" (have).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **had**.

Resultado: had

30 **"What if you ___ the lottery?" (win).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **won**.

Resultado: won

8

Word formation: PAU practice

Tema 8 de 10 · Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato

solucionario.de

Tema 8. Word formation: PAU practice

Ejercicios básicos

6 **Adding: ___ that.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Besides/moreover**.

Resultado: besides

7 **Contrast: ___, on the other hand.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **However**.

Resultado: however

8 **Cause: "I stayed home ___ I was tired".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **because**.

Resultado: because

9 **Effect: "It rained, ___ we cancelled".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **so/therefore**.

Resultado: so

10 **Purpose: "I came ___ help" (in order to).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to / in order to**.

Resultado: to

11 **Sequence first.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Firstly**.

Resultado: firstly

12 **Sequence last.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Finally**.

Resultado: finally

13 **Concession.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Although**.

Resultado: although

14 **Example.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **For example**.

Resultado: for example

15 **Conclusion.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **In conclusion**.

Resultado: in conclusion

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **Word formation: depend → ___ (adjective, negative)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. in + depend + ent = **independent**

Resultado: independent

2 **'She insisted ___ paying for dinner.' (on/in)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Insist **on**

Resultado: on

16 **"Despite ___ tired, he came" (be).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **being**.

Resultado: being

17 **"Although he ___ tired, he came".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **was**.

Resultado: was

18 **"In spite of ___, he came" (rain).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **raining**.

Resultado: raining

19 **"___ the rain, he came".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Despite/In spite of**.

Resultado: Despite

20 **"He was tired. ___, he came".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **However/Nevertheless**.

Resultado: However

21 **"I studied hard. ___, I passed".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **As a result**.

Resultado: As a result

22 **"___ to be happy, you need…".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **In order**.

Resultado: In order

23 **"He ran ___ catch the bus" (so).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **so as to**.

Resultado: so as to

24 **Both…and: ej.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **both X and Y**.

Resultado: both x and y

25 **Either…or: ej.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **either X or Y**.

Resultado: either x or y

26 **Neither…nor: ej.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **neither X nor Y**.

Resultado: neither x nor y

27 **"___ studying, he passed" (because of).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Because of/Owing to**.

Resultado: Because of

Ejercicios avanzados

3 **'Had I known, I ___ (come) earlier.' (formal conditional)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have come**

Resultado: would have come

4 **Transform: 'People say he is rich.' → 'He is said ___ rich.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to be** rich

Resultado: to be

5 **'I wish I ___ (not/say) that yesterday.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Wish + PP: **hadn't said**

Resultado: hadn't said

28 **"Whereas" connector for…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Contrast**.

Resultado: contrast

29 **"Provided that" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Condition**.

Resultado: if

30 **"Should" inversion in conditionals: ej.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Should you need….**

Resultado: should you need

9

Reading Comprehension: PAU format

solucionario.de

Tema 9 de 10 · Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato

Tema 9. Reading Comprehension: PAU format

Ejercicios básicos

6 Essay sections: introduction, body, ___.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Conclusion**.

Resultado: conclusion

7 Thesis statement: ¿dónde?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Introducción**.

Resultado: introduction

8 Topic sentence: ¿dónde?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Inicio párr**.

Resultado: at start of paragraph

9 ¿Cuántos párrafos típicos en un body?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **2-3**.

Resultado: 2-3

10 ¿For and against essay tipo?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Argum balanceado**.

Resultado: argumentative balanced

11 Opinion essay: ¿incluye opinión?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **SÍ**.

Resultado: si

12 Formal language: avoid…

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Contractions/slang**.

Resultado: contractions

13 Linking word for adding ej.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Moreover**.

Resultado: moreover

14 Linking for contrast.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **However**.

Resultado: however

15 Linking for conclusion.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **In conclusion**.

Resultado: in conclusion

Ejercicios intermedios

1 Word formation: depend → ___ (adjective, negative)

SOLUCIÓN

1. in + depend + ent = **independent**

Resultado: independent

2 'She insisted ___ paying for dinner.' (on/in)

SOLUCIÓN

1. Insist **on**

Resultado: on

16 **Hook = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Frase atractiva inicial**.

Resultado: frase inicial atractiva

17 **Length of typical EVAU essay.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **~120-150 palabras**.

Resultado: 100-150 words

18 **Avoid in formal: "I'm gonna…".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Sí — usar formal**.

Resultado: si

19 **Connector concession: "___ he was tired, he worked".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Although**.

Resultado: Although

20 **Estructura párrafo: PEEL = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Point Evidence Explain Link**.

Resultado: point evidence explanation link

21 **¿Verbos formales?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Sí**.

Resultado: emphasize, illustrate, demonstrate, indicate

22 ¿Cuándo usar pasiva en essay?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Formal/objetivo**.

Resultado: para enfocar acción

23 Linker para ejemplo.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **For instance**.

Resultado: for instance

24 Linker para causa.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Because of**.

Resultado: because of

25 ¿Tipos de essay?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Varios tipos**.

Resultado: opinion, for and against, problem-solution, descriptive

26 Cohesión vs coherencia.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Conexión vs unidad**.

Resultado: conexion vs unidad tematica

27 ¿Bullet points en essay formal?

SOLUCIÓN

1. **NO**.

Resultado: no

Ejercicios avanzados

3 **'Had I known, I ___ (come) earlier.' (formal conditional)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have come**

Resultado: would have come

4 **Transform: 'People say he is rich.' → 'He is said ___ rich.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to be** rich

Resultado: to be

5 **'I wish I ___ (not/say) that yesterday.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Wish + PP: **hadn't said**

Resultado: hadn't said

28 **"On the one hand… on the other hand…" tipo.**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Argumentos balanceados**.

Resultado: balanced argument

29 **¿Topic sentence vs supporting?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Idea ppal vs apoyo**.

Resultado: topic = idea princ; supporting = ej

30 **Formal contraction: avoid "don't". Replace with…**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **do not**.

Resultado: do not

10

Writing: PAU essay and composition

solucionario.de

Tema 10 de 10 · Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato

Tema 10. Writing: PAU essay and composition

Ejercicios básicos

6 **Phrasal: "give up" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Stop**.

Resultado: stop

7 **Phrasal: "look after" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Take care of**.

Resultado: take care of

8 **Phrasal: "put off" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Postpone**.

Resultado: postpone

9 **Phrasal: "come across" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Find by chance**.

Resultado: find by chance

10 **Phrasal: "break down" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Stop working**.

Resultado: stop working

11 **Phrasal: "get on with" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Get along with**.

Resultado: have good relationship

12 **Phrasal: "turn down" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Reject**.

Resultado: reject

13 **Phrasal: "look up" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Search info**.

Resultado: search

14 **Phrasal: "figure out" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Understand**.

Resultado: understand

15 **Phrasal: "run out of" = ?**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **Have no more**.

Resultado: have no more

Ejercicios intermedios

1 **Word formation: depend → ___ (adjective, negative)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. in + depend + ent = **independent**

Resultado: independent

2 **'She insisted ___ paying for dinner.' (on/in)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Insist **on**

Resultado: on

16 Word formation: noun from "happy".

SOLUCIÓN

1. **happiness**.

Resultado: happiness

17 Adj from "care".

SOLUCIÓN

1. **careful**.

Resultado: careful

18 Adj from "care" negative.

SOLUCIÓN

1. **careless**.

Resultado: careless

19 Verb from "strong".

SOLUCIÓN

1. **strengthen**.

Resultado: strengthen

20 Noun from "decide".

SOLUCIÓN

1. **decision**.

Resultado: decision

21 Adv from "quick".

SOLUCIÓN

1. **quickly**.

Resultado: quickly

22 **Opposite of "polite".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **impolite**.

Resultado: impolite

23 **Opposite of "possible".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **impossible**.

Resultado: impossible

24 **Opposite of "legal".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **illegal**.

Resultado: illegal

25 **Opposite of "regular".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **irregular**.

Resultado: irregular

26 **Word for "someone who writes books".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **writer/author**.

Resultado: writer

27 **Word for "place where books are kept".**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **library**.

Resultado: library

Ejercicios avanzados

3 **'Had I known, I ___ (come) earlier.' (formal conditional)**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **would have come**

Resultado: would have come

4 **Transform: 'People say he is rich.' → 'He is said ___ rich.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **to be** rich

Resultado: to be

5 **'I wish I ___ (not/say) that yesterday.'**

SOLUCIÓN

1. Wish + PP: **hadn't said**

Resultado: hadn't said

28 **"He ___ the offer" (turn).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **turned down**.

Resultado: turned down

29 **"I can't ___ this puzzle" (figure).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **figure out**.

Resultado: figure out

30 **"They ___ for ages" (wait, pres perf cont).**

SOLUCIÓN

1. **have been waiting**.

Resultado: have been waiting

¿Quieres más solucionarios?

Practica en la web los ejercicios de cada tema, con pista y corrección al momento:

solucionario.de/solucionario-ingles-2-bachillerato-richmond/

Solucionario Inglés II 2.º Bachillerato Richmond
© solucionario.de